



TAKAYAMA MENHIRU

This menhir was made by hand about two-thousand five-hundred years ago.



FUDAKAKE DAISHIDO

It is located at a junction toward the entrance of the path leading up to Syusekiji-Temple.



TOYOGAHASHI

KOUBOUDAISHI (A great teacher of Buddhism) sought a night's lodging in the Ozu district, but there were no rooms because it was a busy season for farmers. He slept under the bridge. He spent only one night but it felt like ten nights.



UCHIKOZA

This wooden two-story theater was built in 1916. It became a symbol of art, and it is loved by the townspeople.



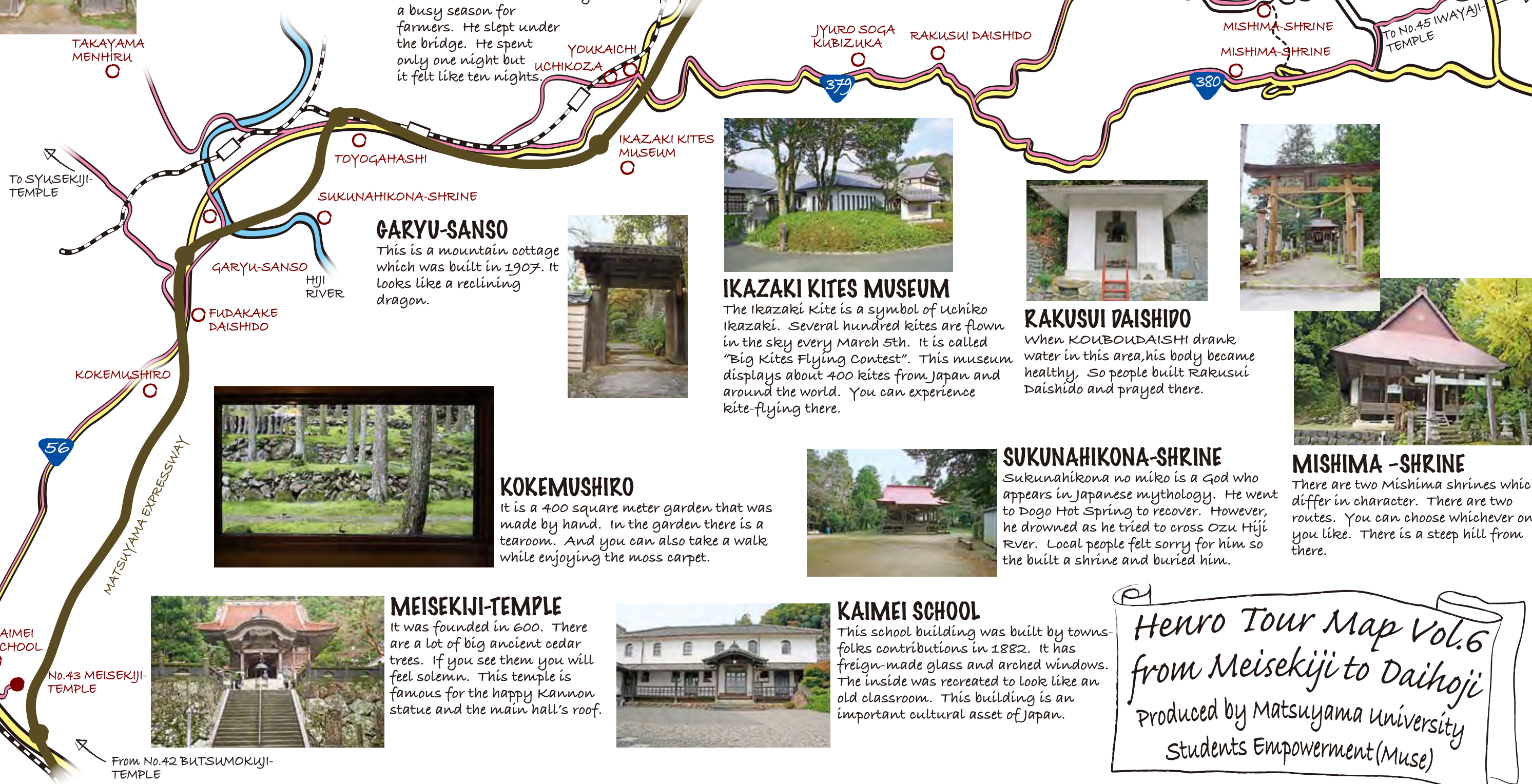
THE STREETS OF YOU-KAICHI-GOKOKU

This street has rows of stores and houses from 1600 to 1900 era. The stores leave an image of life in those days.



JYURO SOGA KUBI-ZUKA

This is a burial mound where the head of a famous samurai was buried. People believe if you pray at this shrine your illnesses from the neck up will be cured.



IKAZAKI KITES MUSEUM

The Ikazaki Kite is a symbol of Uchiko Ikazaki. Several hundred kites are flown in the sky every March 5th. It is called "Big Kites Flying Contest". This museum displays about 400 kites from Japan and around the world. You can experience kite-flying there.



RAKUSUI DAISHIDO

When KOUBOUDAISHI drank water in this area, his body became healthy. So people built Rakusui Daishido and prayed there.



MISHIMA -SHRINE

There are two Mishima shrines which differ in character. There are two routes. You can choose whichever one you like. There is a steep hill from there.

SUKUNAHIKONA-SHRINE

Sukunahikona no miko is a God who appears in Japanese mythology. He went to Dogo Hot Spring to recover. However, he drowned as he tried to cross Ozu Hiji River. Local people felt sorry for him so they built a shrine and buried him.



GARYU-SANSO

This is a mountain cottage which was built in 1907. It looks like a reclining dragon.



KOKEMUSHIRO

It is a 400 square meter garden that was made by hand. In the garden there is a tearoom. And you can also take a walk while enjoying the moss carpet.



MEISEKJI-TEMPLE

It was founded in 600. There are a lot of big ancient cedar trees. If you see them you will feel solemn. This temple is famous for the happy Kannon statue and the main hall's roof.



KAI MEI SCHOOL

This school building was built by towns-folks contributions in 1882. It has foreign-made glass and arched windows. The inside was recreated to look like an old classroom. This building is an important cultural asset of Japan.

*Henro Tour Map Vol.6
from Meisekiji to Daihoji
Produced by Matsuyama University
Students Empowerment(Muse)*